UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

November 7, 2017 Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported)

SONUS NETWORKS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 001-38267

(Commission File Number)

82-1669692 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

4 TECHNOLOGY PARK DRIVE, WESTFORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01886 (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code)

(978) 614-8100

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

- o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company o

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. o

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

The information under this Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section or incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such a filing.

On November 7, 2017, Sonus Networks, Inc. will attend the Wells Fargo Media & Telecom Conference in New York, New York. A copy of the presentation to be distributed in connection with the conference is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

The following exhibit relating to Item 7.01 shall be deemed furnished, and not filed:

99.1 Sonus Networks, Inc. Corporate Presentation, dated as of November 7, 2017.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 7, 2017

SONUS NETWORKS, INC.

By: /s/ Matthew Thaler

Matthew Thaler General Counsel and Secretary



Ribbon Communications Investor Presentation

Ray Dolan, President and CEO Sara Leggat, Investor Relations

Fourth Quarter, 2017

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including statements regarding future results of operations and financial position, integration efforts and opportunities, business strategy, strategic position, plans and objectives of management for future operations and plans for future product development and manufacturing are forward-looking statements. Without limiting the foregoing, the words "anticipates", "believes", "could", "estimates", "expects", "expects", "expects", "expects", "and other similar language, whether in the negative or affirmative, are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

On May 23, 2017, Sonus and GENBAND announced entry into an Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 23, 2017, under which the companies would combine in a merger of equals transaction (the "Transaction"). Effective October 27, 2017, the Transaction was completed and each of Sonus and GENBAND became subsidiaries of Sonus Networks. For more information, please see each of Sonus Networks' and Sonus' latest annual, quarterly and current reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K, as the case may be, and the joint proxy statement/prospectus filed by Sonus Networks with the SEC on September 22, 2017 in connection with the Transaction.

Forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations and assumptions regarding our business, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including, but not limited to, our success integrating the respective businesses of Sonus and GENBAND; achievement of the anticipated synergies of the Transaction; our ability to realize the benefits from the Transaction, making it more difficult to maintain relationships with employees, customers, business partners or government entities; the timing of customer purchasing decisions and our recognition of revenues; economic conditions; our ability to recruit and retain key personnel; difficulties supporting our strategic focus on channel sales; difficulties retaining and expanding our customer base; difficulties leveraging market opportunities; the impact of restructuring and cost-containment activities; litigation; actions taken by significant stockholders; difficulties providing solutions that meet the needs of customers; market acceptance of our products and services; rapid technological and market change; our ability to protect our intellectual property rights; our ability to maintain partner, reseller, distribution and vendor support and supply relationships; higher risks in international operations and market; the impact of increased competition; currency fluctuations; changes in the market price of our common stock; and/or failure or circumvention of our controls and procedures. Additional information about these and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in these forward-looking statements is contained in the SEC reports referred to above.

Our forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. We caution you against relying on any of these forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this presentation speaks only as of the date of this presentation. Factors or events that could cause our actual results to differ may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict all of them. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

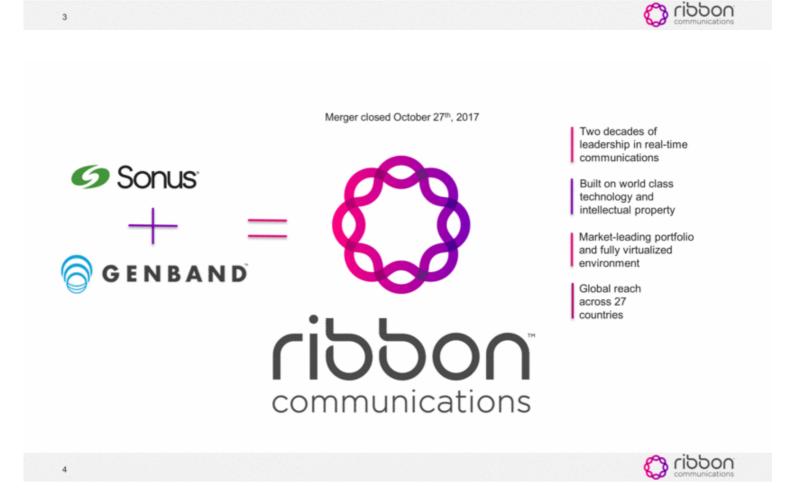
References to Sonus Networks, Inc. ("Sonus Networks") relate to a Delaware holding company that was previously named Solstice Sapphire Investments, Inc., which was formed for the purpose of effecting the Transaction. References to Sonus relate to Sonus, Inc., which was previously known as Sonus Networks, Inc. and is now the operating company of Sonus Networks. References to GENBAND relate to GENBAND Holdings Company. Sonus Networks, Inc. is registered to do business as Ribbon Communications in various jurisdictions and expects to formally change its legal name to Ribbon Communications Inc. by the end of 2017.



2

Agenda

- 1. Who is Ribbon Communications
- 2. Investment Thesis
- 3. Market Overview
- 4. Strategic Positioning
- 5. Growth Initiatives Kandy/Security
- 6. Financial Highlights
- 7. Q&A



Why Ribbon Communications?

The world is more complexly **woven** together than ever before, impacting the way we live, work and play.

Communications must be **seamless**, convenient and secure, and harmoniously **threaded** together. This is why we are launching **Ribbon**.

Ribbon starts from the beginning and lives at the ends. It serves as the real-time communications pivoting point for all of our worlds.

Ribbon is ready to upend old ways and start the **new wave** of real-time technology **connectivity** our world needs today.

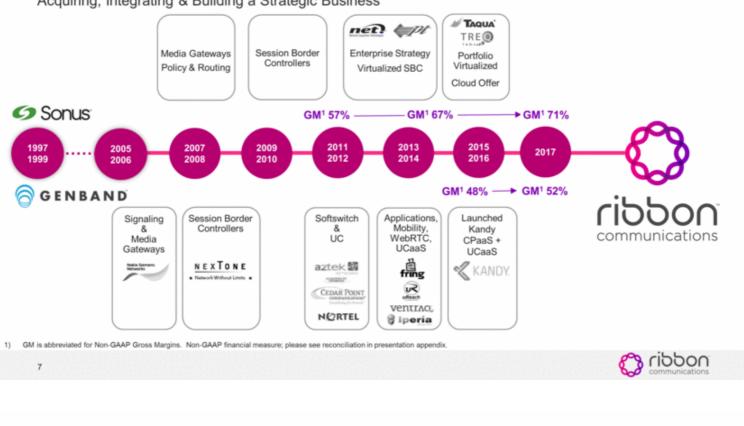
We are Ribbon Communications.

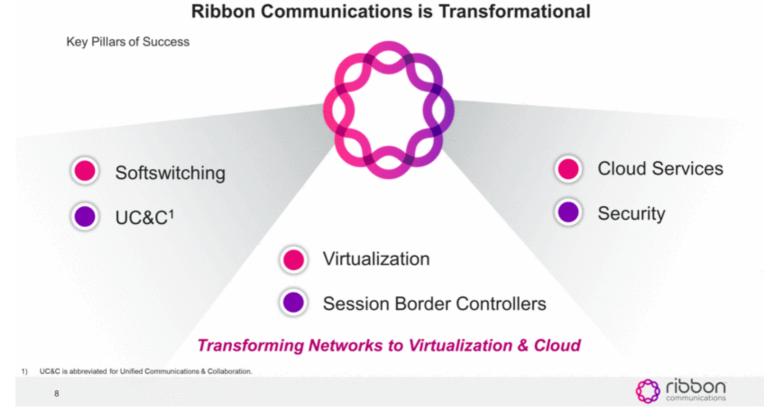




A Multi-Year Journey

Acquiring, Integrating & Building a Strategic Business





Who is Ribbon Communications?

We provide end-to-end communications software and infrastructure solutions to Service Providers (Service Providers/MSO's¹), Enterprises (focused on Financial, Federal, and Healthcare verticals) and Hyperscale Cloud Players.

What we do:

- We transform fixed, mobile and enterprise networks from legacy to secure IP and cloud-based architectures.
- We enable Service Providers to transform from hardware to software through Network Function Virtualization (NFV).
- We enable SP to transform to cloud-based architecture (private or public cloud such as Amazon or Google).
- We enable SP to offer CPaaS²/UCaaS³ through Kandy.
- We enable Enterprises to transition to cloud with a single, secure parameter for both voice and data.

Investment Thesis

Market leader in IP and cloud-based network transformation

MSO is abbreviated for Multi System Operator (Cable). 2) CPaaS is abbreviated for Communications Platform as a Service. 3) UCaaS is abbreviated for Unified Co

- · Merger to drive strong financial performance:
 - Projected cost synergies of \$50MM+ and adjusted EBITDA of \$100MM in 2018
 - · Projected strong Free Cash Flow generation
- · Additional cost savings, revenue synergies and gross margin expansion could drive financial upside
- · Scalable cost structure to benefit from further consolidation potential
- · Large Nortel installed base should drive strong Network Transformation revenue opportunity

Powerful Merger Benefits Underpin Core Valuation

Continued investment in new cloud architecture

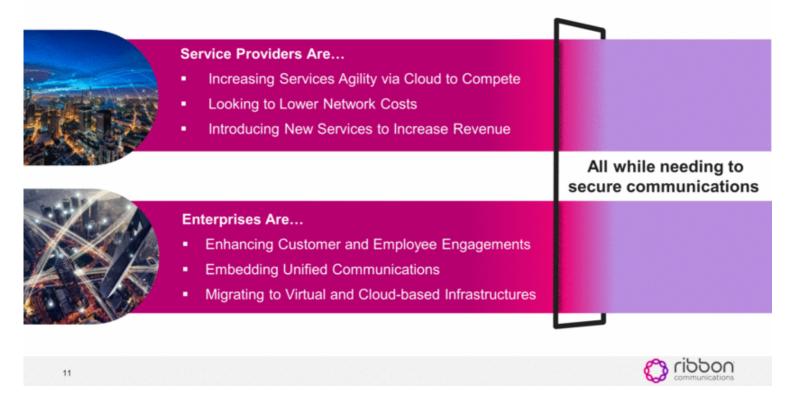
- · Virtualization leadership positions us to capture share in migration to NFV
- Heavily invested in virtualizing product portfolio ahead of competition; transition to virtual networks opens opportunity to displace existing vendors
- · Leverage expanded global footprint and partnerships to accelerate CPaaS/Kandy
- Cloud Security & Analytics endorsed by Verizon Virtual Network Services (VNS)

Scale Allows Us to Accelerate Growth Optionality

9



Communications Networks are Rapidly Evolving



Market Opportunity

Growth Drivers

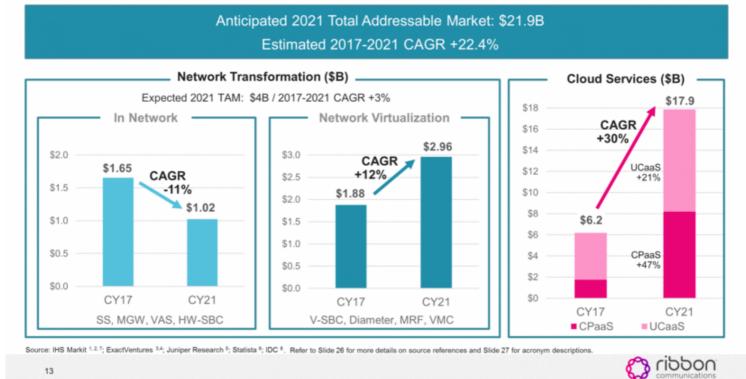
- Service Provider: Interconnect / NNI / VoLTE / Access / UCaaS
- Enterprise: Migration to SIP and Unified Communications
- Network Transformation

Longer Term Growth Driver

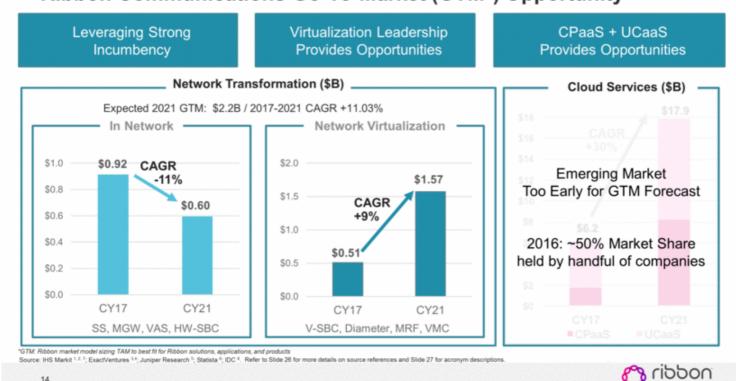
- Migration to NFV
- CPaaS/UCaaS/Kandy
- Securing UC and Cloud



Network Transformation and Cloud Communications Markets



Ribbon Communications Go-To-Market (GTM*) Opportunity



Why is Ribbon Communications Strategically Positioned?

- Deployed in the World's Largest Real-Time Communication Networks
- Our DNA is Enabling Secure Real-Time Communications
- Unmatched Reliability, Performance and Functionality at Scale
- Leader in Signaling and Transcoding technology for Mobile Solutions in IMS, VoLTE and VoWiFi
- Leader in Real-Time Communications Virtualization and Cloud
- Large Nortel Installed Base 31M Lines, Over 13,000 Switches and Remotes

Network Transformation Market – Competitive Landscape

Competitive Advantages

- Portfolio Breadth Broadest solution set in the market
- Large Installed Base

15

- Reliability, Performance and Functionality at Scale
- Leader in Cloud and Virtualization
- Leader in Signaling and Transcoding technology

	Service Pro	vider Market	ababa		Enterprise	Market		
Brand/Product		ORACLE	troadsoft	metaswitch		ORACLE	cisco	AudioCodes
Session Border Controllers	~	~		~	~	~	~	~
Application Server & WebRTC	~		~	~	~	~	~	
Call Controllers	~			~	~			
Media Gateways	~			~	~			~
(NFV) Network Virtualization	~	~		~	~	~	~	
Signaling, Policy & Routing	~	1			Security			



Strong Growth Initiatives



An innovative Cloud Communications Platform enabling rapid new service deployment and revenue for carriers, ISV's and enterprises

Kandy platform include: Unified communications, embedded communications and OTT solutions

Solutions powered from the

New offers can be rapidly created via SDK's, API's, with revenue-ready micro-apps "Kandy Wrappers" available from our user portal Deployment options on the public cloud, carrier cloud, or hybrid public/private cloud

Cloud Security Offer

Security analytics and control platforms for real time flows and digital services

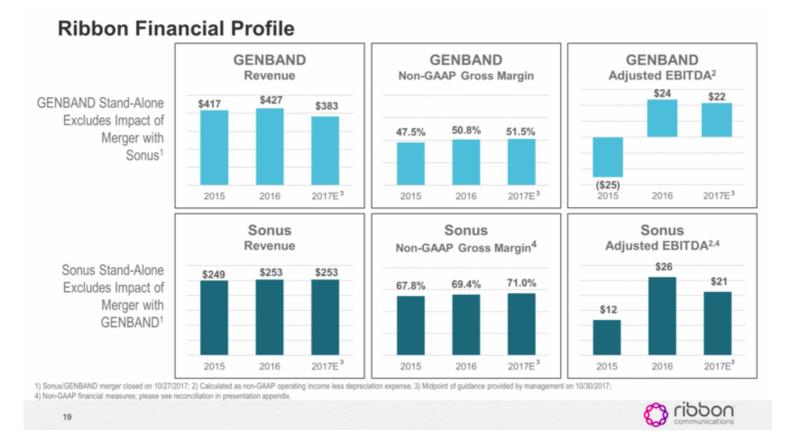
17

Contextual collaboration and control with NGFWs and SD-WAN controllers to unify real-time and IP data security End-to-End visibility and analytics leveraging 20 years of product IPR enabling network-wide flow control, threat detection and mitigation Enables full monetization of security assets in cloud and premise-based architectures as direct sell or managed security offering



Financial Highlights





Sonus Stand-Alone Projections Q4'17 and FY'17 Excludes Impact of the Merger with GENBAND¹

	Q417 Guidance	FY17 Guidance
Total Revenue	\$69M	\$252.6M
Non-GAAP Gross Margin	72%	71%
Non-GAAP net income	\$5.8M	\$13M ²
Adjusted EBITDA ³	\$8.1M	\$21.2M

Sonus/GENBAND merger closed on 10/27/2017. 1)

Equates to \$0.26 Non-GAAP income per share assuming 50M diluted shares, which excludes the impact of the shares granted on 10/27/2017 in 2)

connection with the merger. 3) Calculated as non-GAAP operating income less depreciation expense.

We are unable to provide a reconciliation of the forward-looking non-GAAP measures presented above to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts due to our inability at this time to estimate the amount and timing of charges (including acquisition-related, restructuring, merger integration and stock compensation charges) to be incurred during the remainder of the year as a result of the Sonus/GENBAND merger, which was completed on October 27, 2017. We are also unable at this time to estimate the impact of purchase accounting reductions affecting GENBAND revenues.



GENBAND Stand-Alone Projections Q4'17 and FY'17 Excludes Impact of the Merger with Sonus¹

	Q417 Guidance	FY17 Guidance
Total Revenue	\$106M to \$120M	\$375M to \$390M
Non-GAAP Gross Margin	55% to 56%	51% to 52%
Non-GAAP net (loss) income	\$1M to \$10M	(\$10M) to (\$1M)
Adjusted EBITDA ²	\$12M to \$21M	\$17M to \$26M

Sonus/GENBAND merger closed on 10/27/2017. Calculated as non-GAAP operating income less depreciation expense. 2)

We are unable to provide a reconciliation of the forward-looking non-GAAP measures presented above to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts due to our inability at this time to estimate the amount and timing of charges (including acquisition-related, restructuring, merger integration and stock compensation charges) to be incurred during the remainder of the year as a result of the Sonus/GENBAND merger, which was completed on October 27, 2017. We are also unable at this time to estimate the impact of purchase accounting reductions affecting GENBAND revenues.

21



Assumes mid-point of projections excluding purchase accounting						
\$ Millions	-	FY'17 Sonus	-	Y'17 NBAND	a state was a state of the	FY'17 mbined
Revenue	\$	252.6	\$	382.5	\$	635.1
Non-GAAP Gross Margin		71%		51.5%		58.0%
Adjusted non-GAAP EBITDA	\$	21.0	\$	21.5	\$	42.5

The sum of the parts gets us halfway home & synergies get us to our goal of \$100M Adjusted non-GAAP EBITDA goal for 2018.

Figures above are stand alone FY'17 projections for each company added together. This assumes no benefit of Q4'17 restructuring activities nor does it take into account the impact of any purchase accounting adjustments. These values are for informational purposes only to provide clarity on stand alone business sizing.

We are unable to provide a reconciliation of the forward-looking non-GAAP measures presented above to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts due to our inability at this time to estimate the amount and timing of charges (including acquisition-related, restructuring, merger integration and stock compensation charges) to be incurred during the remainder of the year as a result of the Sonus/GENBAND merger, which was completed on October 27, 2017. We are also unable at this time to estimate the impact of purchase accounting reductions affecting GENBAND revenues.



s ribbon

FY'17 Guidance (Sonus & GENBAND Combined)

	Sonus 01/01/2017- 12/31/2017	GENBAND ¹ 10/30/2017-12/31/2017 (2 month stub period)	Restructuring 10/30/2017 to 12/31/2017	Combined FY'17
Total Revenue excluding impact of purchase accounting	\$252.6M ²	\$80M ³ to \$90M ³		\$332.6M ³ to \$342.6M ³
Non-GAAP Diluted earnings per share	\$0.22	\$0.15 to \$0.24	\$0.04	\$0.41 to \$0.50
Diluted Shares ⁴	59.1M	59.1M	59.1M	59.1M

1) Projections are post close from 10/30/2017 to 12/31/2017 for GENBAND.

2) Flat from FY'16 revenue for Sonus of \$252.6M

3) Revenue does not include impact of purchase accounting reductions, which are expected to be completed in Q4'17.

4) Share count increased from prior projections due to ~51M shares being issued on 10/30/2017 related to the Sonus/GENBAND merger.

We are unable to provide a reconciliation of the forward-looking non-GAAP measures presented above to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts due to our inability at this time to estimate the amount and timing of charges (including acquisition-related, restructuring, merger integration and stock compensation charges) to be incurred during the remainder of the year as a result of the Sonus/GENBAND merger, which was completed on October 27, 2017. We are also unable at this time to estimate the impact of purchase accounting reductions affecting GENBAND revenues.

💦 ribbon

23

Summary

Stronger Financial Profile	 Significantly higher revenue base, gross profit, earnings and cash flow from operations; \$100M Adjusted EBITDA expected in 2018
Scale and Synergy Platform	 Scalable cost structure to benefit from further consolidation potential
Strong Installed- Base	 Large Nortel installed base should drive strong NTR revenue opportunity
Virtualization Key to Gain Share	 Heavily invested in virtualizing product portfolio ahead of competition
Future Growth	 Strong growth platforms powered by Kandy cloud communications platform as a service (CPaaS) and new security analytics and control platform
Experienced Management Team	 Bringing best-of-breed management teams together
24	

Appendix



Source references for Slides 13 and 14

- TAM & Market Share (SS, MGW, VAS, SP-SBC): IHS Markit, Q2-2017 Data, Service Provider VoIP and IMS Equipment and Subscribers, Published August 23, 2017, Edition Q3 2017
- 2. TAM & Market Share (E-SBC): IHS Markit, Q1-2017, Enterprise SBCs and VoIP Gateways, Published June 1, 2017 Edition Q2 2017
- 3. TAM & Market Share (Diameter): ExactVentures, Table 3: Diameter Signaling Controller Market Annual Forecast, Edition 2H-2016
- 4. TAM & Market Share (STP): ExactVentures, STP Signaling Forecast Edition 2H-2016
- 5. TAM & Market Share (VMC-Client): Juniper Research, MOBILE VOICE Market Sizing & Forecasts 2017-2021, Published March 2017
- TAM & Market Share (VMC-Client): Statista, Global smartphone shipments forecast from 2010 to 2021 (in million units), Online query October 20, 2017.
- TAM & Market Share (UCaaS): IHS Markit, Business Cloud VoIP and Unified Communication Services, Published September 14, 2016 (Annually), Edition 2016
- TAM & Market Share (UCaaS): IDC, Worldwide Voice and Text Messaging Communications Platform-as-a-Service Forecast, 2017–2021, (#US42326117), Published March 2017

Acronym Descriptions

+CAGR +CPaaS +Diameter +E-SBC +GTM +HW-SBC +IMS MRF +ISV +MGW +NFV +NGW +NFV +NGN-VAS +NTr +OTT +SDK +SP-SBC-HW +SP-SBC-W +SS +STP +TAM +UC +UC&C +UCaaS +VAS +VAS +VMC +VoLTE +VoWiFi +V-SBC +WebRTC	Compound Annual Growth Communications Platform as a Service IP Signaling Solution/Protocol Enterprise Session Border Controller Go to Market (used to represent a portion of the TAM which is best fit for Ribbon solutions, applications, and products) Same as SBC-HW IP Multimedia Subsystem (Core of 4G Networks) Media Resource Function Independent Software Vendor Media Gateway Network Function Verification Nest Generation Network (typically associated with a Softswtich and not an IMS network) Voice Application Server Network Fransformation (typically used as abbreviate) Over the Top (in our application this refers to an application that delivers voice, video, data, etc outside the tradition carrier network) Software Development Toolkit Software Development Toolkit Software Development Toolkit Software Development Toolkit Software A Defined Wide Area Network Service Provider Session Border Controller (Hardware – used to depict hardware/appliance based SBC) Service Provider Session Border Controller (Virtual – used to depict software/virtual SBC) Softswitch (Call Control in a Class-1 on tervit) Software Development in a Class-1 on tervit switched networks – Class-4 & Class-5) Total Addressable Market Unified Communications and Collaboration Unified Communications as a Service Shorthand for NGN-VAS (in this application) Virtual Mobile Core Voice Over LTE (used when referencing voice within a 4G network with IMS call control) Voice Over LTE (used when referencing voice within a 4G network with IMS call control) Voice Over WiFi Same as SBC-V Web Real Time Communications (abbreviation/protocol for providing real time communication from a web browser)	
---	---	--

27

Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Sonus management uses several different financial measures, both GAAP and non-GAAP, in analyzing and assessing the overall performance of the business, making operating decisions, planning and forecasting future periods, and determining payments under compensation programs. Our annual financial plan is prepared both on a GAAP and non-GAAP basis, and the non-GAAP annual financial plan is approved by our board of directors. Continuous budgeting and forecasting for revenue and expenses are conducted on a non-GAAP basis (in addition to GAAP) and actual results on a non-GAAP basis are assessed against the annual financial plan. We consider the use of non-GAAP financial measures helpful in assessing the core performance of our continuing operations and liquidity, and when planning and forecasting future periods. By continuing operations, we mean the ongoing results of the business excluding certain expenses and credits, including, but not limited to: stock-based compensation, amortization of intangible assets, merger integration expense, settlement expense, depreciation expense for an abandoned facility, acquisition-related expense, restructuring and certain agains included in other income (expense). While our management uses non-GAAP financial measures as a tool to enhance their understanding of certain aspects of our financial performance, our management does not consider these measures to be a substitute for, or superior to, GAAP measures. In addition, our presentations of these measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered alternatives for, or in isolation from, the financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP.

Investors are cautioned that there are material limitations associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures as an analytical tool. In particular, many of the adjustments to Sonus' financial measures reflect the exclusion of items that are recurring and will be reflected in our financial results for the foreseeable future.

We are unable to provide a reconciliation of the Sonus forward-looking non-GAAP measures and GENBAND non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts due to our inability at this time to estimate the amount and timing of charges (including acquisition-related, restructuring, merger integration and stock compensation charges) to be incurred during the remainder of the year as a result of the Sonus/GENBAND merger, which was completed on October 27, 2017.

Stock-based compensation is different from other forms of compensation, as it is a non-cash expense. For example, a cash salary generally has a fixed and unvarying cash cost. In contrast, the expense associated with an equity-based award is generally unrelated to the amount of cash ultimately received by the employee, and the cost to us is based on a stock-based compensation valuation methodology and underlying assumptions that may vary over time. We believe that excluding non-cash stock-based compensation expense from our operating results facilitates the comparison of our financial statements to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.



Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

We exclude the amortization of acquired intangible assets from non-GAAP expense and income measures. These amortization amounts are inconsistent in frequency and amount and are significantly impacted by the timing and size of acquisitions. Although we exclude amortization of acquired intangible assets from our non-GAAP expenses, we believe that it is important for investors to understand that intangible assets contribute to revenue generation. We believe that excluding the non-cash amortization of intangible assets facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry as if the acquired intangible assets had been developed internally rather than acquired.

We consider certain merger integration expenses to be unpredictable and dependent upon a significant number of factors that may be outside of our control. We do not consider these merger integration expenses to be related to the continuing operations of the combined business or the Company. In addition, the size, complexity and/or volume of an acquisition, which often drives the magnitude of merger integration expenses, may not be indicative of such future costs. We believe that excluding merger integration expenses facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.

In September 2017, we recorded \$1.6 million of expense related to potential fines in connection with the ongoing SEC investigation. In June 2016, we recorded \$0.6 million of patent litigation settlement costs. These amounts are included as components of General and administrative expense; however, we believe that such settlement costs are not part of our core business or ongoing operations. Accordingly, we believe that excluding these settlement expenses facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.

During the second quarter of 2015, we reached an agreement with the landlord of one of our previously restructured facilities to vacate the facility without penalty or future payments. As a result, we were able to vacate the facility earlier than originally planned. In connection with this settlement, we recorded incremental depreciation expense to account for the change in estimated life of the fixed assets related to this facility. We believe that excluding this incremental depreciation expense facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry, as such incremental depreciation expense is not related to our ongoing operations or our core business activities.

29



We consider certain transition, integration and other acquisition-related costs to be unpredictable and dependent on a significant number of factors that may be outside of our control. We do not consider these acquisition-related costs to be related to the continuing operations of the acquired business or the Company. In addition, the size, complexity and/or volume of an acquisition, which often drives the magnitude of acquisition-related costs, may not be indicative of such future costs. We believe that excluding acquisition-related costs facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry.

We have recorded restructuring expense to streamline operations and reduce operating costs by closing and consolidating certain facilities and reducing our worldwide workforce. We review our restructuring accruals regularly and record adjustments (both expense and credits) to these estimates as required. We believe that excluding restructuring expense and credits facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical operating results and to other companies in our industry, as there are no future revenue streams or other benefits associated with these costs.

In May 2017, we sold a block of IP addresses that we had acquired in connection with our acquisition of Network Equipment Technologies, Inc. ("NET") and recognized a gain, net of commission and fees, of \$0.6 million. In July 2016, we sold the NET domain name to a third party and recognized a gain, net of commission and fees, of \$0.8 million, and in December 2016, we sold a block of IP addresses which we had acquired in connection with our acquisition of Performance Technologies, Incorporated ("PT") and recognized a gain, net of commission and fees, of \$0.8 million, and in December 2016, we sold a block of IP addresses which we had acquired in connection with our acquisition of Performance Technologies, Incorporated ("PT") and recognized a gain, net of commission and fees, of \$0.5 million. In October 2015, we sold the PT domain name and recognized a gain, net of commission and fees, of \$0.9 million. These amounts are included as components of Other Income, net, in the respective fiscal years. We believe that such gains are not part of our core business or ongoing operations. Accordingly, we believe that excluding the other income arising from these sales facilitates the comparison of our financial results and to other companies in our industry.



Discussion of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (continued)

When we originally prepared our outlook for the third quarter of 2017, as provided on August 3, 2017, we anticipated that we would reverse \$0.7 million of deferred tax assets related to net operating loss carryforwards for our subsidiary in Canada based on positive earnings evidence in the subsidiary over a consecutive three-year period. This adjustment would have resulted in an income tax credit and reduced our provision in the reversal period. We did not record this adjustment in the third quarter of 2017, primarily due to the then pending merger with GENBAND. We believe that such adjustments are not part of our core business or ongoing operations. Accordingly, we believe that excluding income tax credits arising from the reversal of deferred tax assets facilitates the comparison of our financial results to our historical results and to other companies in our industry.

We use Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure to review and assess our performance. We calculate Adjusted EBITDA by excluding from net income (loss): interest income (expense), net; income tax provision; depreciation and amortization. In addition, we exclude from net income (loss): other income (expense), net; stock-based compensation expense; merger integration expense; settlement expense; acquisition-related expense and restructuring. In general, we add back the expenses that we consider to be non-cash and/or not part of our continuing operations, as described above. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that is used by our investing community for comparative and valuation purposes. We disclose this metric to support and facilitate the dialogue with research analysts and investors. Other companies may calculate Adjusted EBITDA differently than we do, limiting its usefulness as a comparative measure.

We believe that providing non-GAAP information to investors, in addition to the GAAP presentation, will allow investors to view the financial results in the way management views the operating results. We further believe that providing this information helps investors to better understand our financial performance and evaluate the efficacy of the methodology and information used by our management to evaluate and measure such performance.

31

Sonus Gross Margin GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation

	FY'11	FY'14	FY'15	FY'16
GAAP total gross margin	56.3%	65.3%	64.9%	66.4%
Stock-based compensation expense	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%
Amortization of intangible assets	0.0%	0.9%	2.2%	2.3%
COGS set-up	0.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Non-GAAP total gross margin	56.9%	67.4%	67.8%	69.4%



Sonus GAAP Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA Non-GAAP Reconciliation

	FY'15	FY'16
Adjusted EBITDA		
GAAP net income (loss)	\$(31,895)	\$(13,932)
Interest income/expense	(207)	(769)
Income tax provision	2,007	2,516
Depreciation	11,961	7,970
Amortization of intangible assets	7,107	7,500
Other income/expense, net	(1,122)	(1,424)
Stock-based compensation expense	21,699	19,768
Merger integration expense	-	-
Settlement expense	-	605
Acquisition-related expense	131	1,152
Restructuring	2,148	2,740
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$11,829	\$26,126



Thank You



33